

Introduction to Workshop

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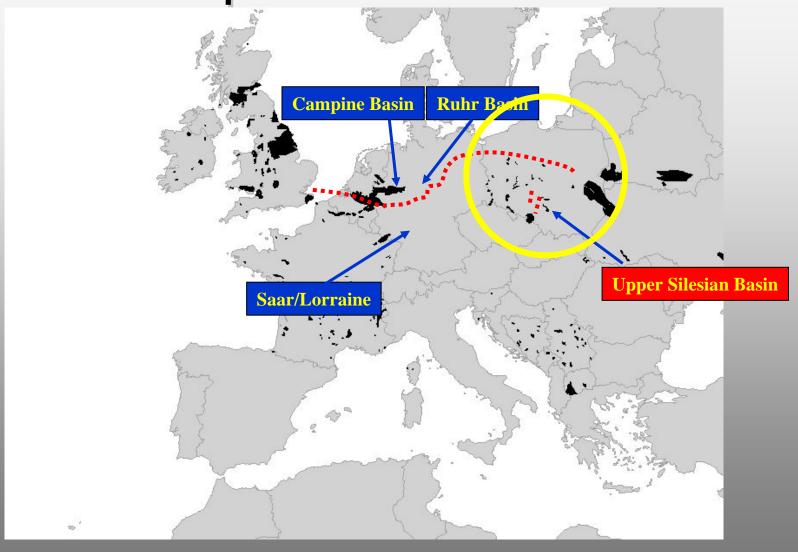
OUTLINE OF COAL AND METHANE RESOURCES IN POLAND

In Poland hard coal deposits are located in:

- the Upper Silesian Coal Basin (USCB),
- Lower Silesia Coal Basin (fully abandoned at present)
- Lublin Coal Basin (only one active mine).

Upper Silesian Coal Basin is expected to be a promising site for CMM recovery/utilization. The most gassy mines are located in south and south-west part of the coal basin.

European Coal Basins



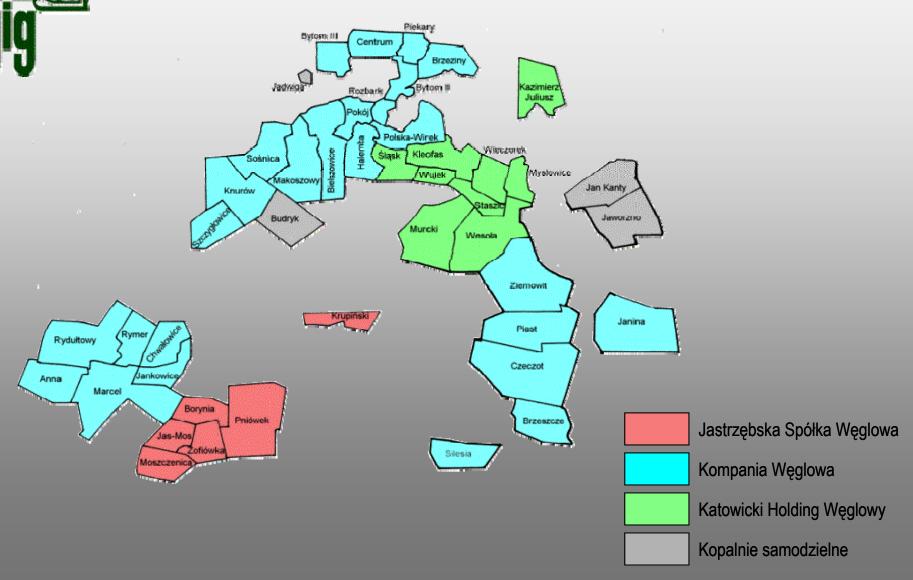


LOCATION OF HARD AND BROWN COAL DEPOSITS IN POLAND





LOCATION OF THE HARD COAL MINES IN UPPER SILESIAN COAL BASIN





Upper Silesian Coal Basin:

Presently 33 operating hard coalmines including

29 gassy coalmines

20 use drainage systems

14 utilise CMM



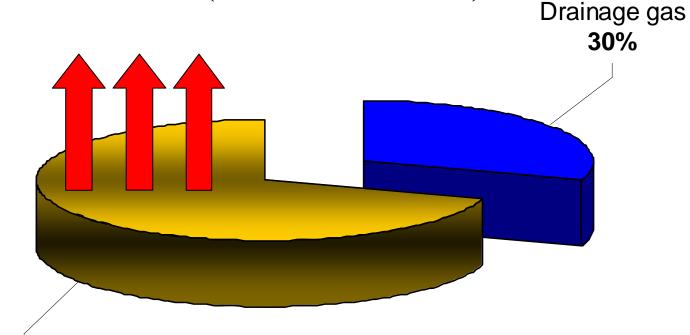
TOTAL ANNUAL HARD COAL & CMM PRODUCTION

Hard coal output: 94.3 mln Tonnes

Total absolute gasiness: 870.3 mln m³

data for the end of 2006

TOTAL GAS RELEASED DURING MINING OPERATIONS (about 851 mln m³)



Ventilation Air Methane (VAM) 70%



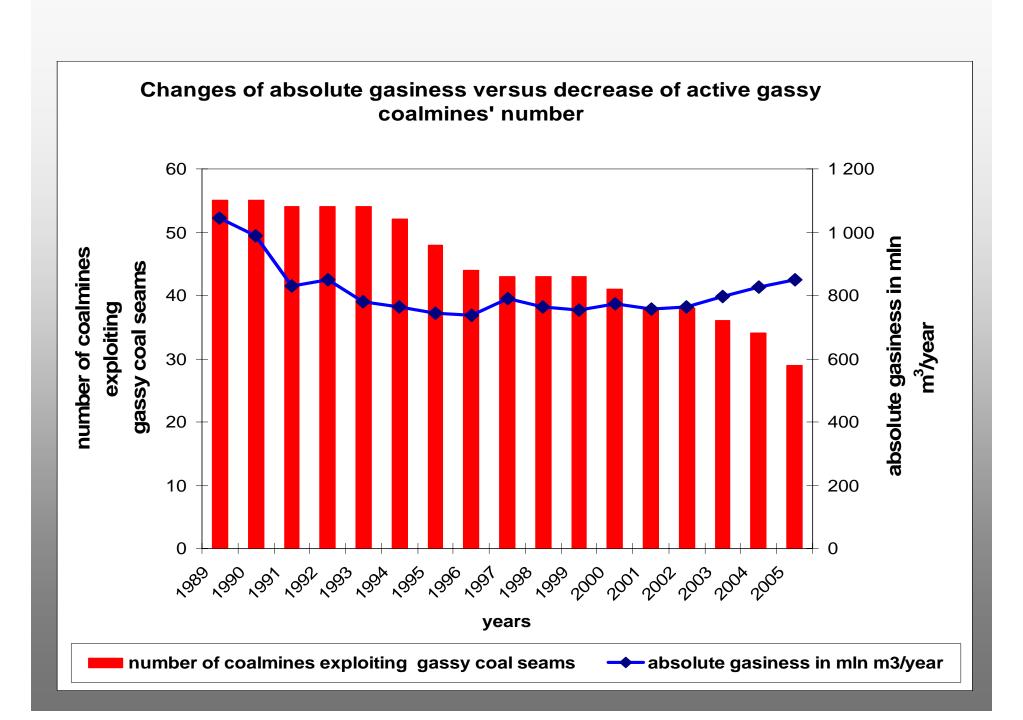
Coal Mine Methane Resources



- > geological resources about 250 bln m³
- > balance resources to be exploited: 95 bln m³, including mining areas

of hard coal mines: 29.8 bln m³

- > industrial resources 4.8 bln m³
- > annual methane emission about 1 bln m³
- > methane recovery by the mines about 250 mln m³ economical utilization about 200 mln m³



Changes of absolute gasiness versus decrease of active gassy coalmines' number

Since 1989 till now...

• Drop of number of gassy coalmines by 48%

• Drop of absolute gasiness by 19%



Some history of degasification....

In Marklowice area in 1929 – very first CBM capture. Totally 330 mln m³ CH₄ was produced, with the quantity of 25 m³/min

"Silesia" coalmine – 4 wells were drilled, totally 6.5 mln m³ CH₄ was captured with the quantity of 7.6-30 m³/min



In 1990-1996 – CBM activities of many foreign companies mainly from USA and GB e.g.: Mc Kenzie, AMOCO, TEXACO, Mc Cormick, Cee Bee Natural Gas Inc. and domestic e.g.: METANEL S.A. and POLTEX-METHANE. Task: - CH₄ exploitation from the coal beds - method: drilling the vertical wells from the surface.

Stopping the operations and withdrawal from further activities.



Low gas permeability of Polish coals: about 1 mD and even lower incline towards drainage operations from underground excavations – Polish precursor "Silesia" coalmine in 1956.



Efficiency of methane drainage with the underground methods depends on mining and geological conditions and applied technology of drainage:

- drainage conducted from the development works,
- exploitation drainage in the neighbourhood of coal faces the most effective,



Real Effectiveness of drainage in the neighborhood of longwalls reaches:

- in the retreat longwalls 20-30% of total amount of methane released in the neighbourhood of mining exploitation,
- in the longwalls on the advance 25-50%
- in the longwalls with double ventilation galleries 40-60%,
- in the longwalls with drainage galleries over the lonwalls' gobs 50-76%.

QUANTIFICATION AND UTILIZATION OF METHANE GAS IN THE COALMINES

- Different content of methane in the captured gas depends on the applied method as well as other factors i.e.:
- during the operations conducted from the surface with the deep wells - so called drilling wells concentration of methane in the gas could be over 90%, what gives parameters comparable with the natural gas (pipeline quality),



- in the underground drainage of the coal seams and the surrounding strata by the bore-holes in the neighbourhood of conducted exploitation, concentration of methane varies from 30 to 70% according to the applied method of drainage, system of exploitation and ventilation, sealing of the bore-holes and sizes of fractures in the neighbourhood strata,
- during the drainage of the gobs and the workings isolated with the dams by the installed pipelines, concentration of methane varies a lot, in the range of 20 90%,



- in the drainage over the gobs by the isolated workings or big diameter drainage wells, performed over the longwall to be exploited concentrations of methane vary from 60 to 95%.



Thank you for your attention ...

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